ZIMS for Care and Welfare
Contact Species360 Support

The ZIMS for Care and Welfare project, sponsored by 23 members, streamlines access to critical key care and welfare indicators by enabling ZIMS to systematically track and monitor inputs and outputs of animal care. This community project expanded insights available to our community in support of animal care, while following WAZA's 5-Domain model for welfare by monitoring behavior, physical health, environment, nutrition and mental domain.

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Activating the Module
Turning on Care and Welfare
The Care and Welfare module (CAW) is available by default; the Species360 Global Admin does not have to activate it for your institution. However, your Local Admin must turn it on for your institution. This can be done by going to Institution Preferences (1) > ZIMS Accessibility and Features (2) > Care and Welfare (3). Click here for a guided walkthrough in ZIMS on enabling this feature.
Displaying Care and Welfare Notes in Husbandry Notes is now a preference:
As Local Administrator, go to Start > Institution > Institution Preferences (1), open Application Settings (2), then Enable/Disable “Display in Husbandry Records” as desired (3).

Note: Enabling this preference for animal records that are shared externally will also permit these Care and Welfare notes to be shared with the other Species360 Member.
Managing Access to Care and Welfare
As with all ZIMS functionality the access to Care and Welfare is via your Role. Local Admin is the only Species360 template that has access to it as default. For all other roles you will need to add it to an existing role or create a new custom role.

Ensuring Roles have the correct functionality
- Turn on Role access for Care and Welfare by checking the tick box ‘Turn on module functionality for this role’
- Functionality within this module can be adjusted as needed by selecting various Actions. Allowing for differing permissions for different Roles.
- When in ZIMS hover over the icon to find out what actions are required for specific functionality.

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Provisional data entry in Care and Welfare
If you wish to only provide provisional data entry to a user in Care and Welfare, they must at least have Search/view functionality for Care and Welfare indicators, measurements and templates. Then ensure the tick box for provisional is checked in Care and Welfare measurements.

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Accessing Care and Welfare Module
The Care and Welfare module is found in the start menu under Animals.
You can click and drag the module onto your ZIMS desktop for easy access.

The module can also be accessed directly from an animal’s record by clicking on the Care and Welfare button on the Details tab. Clicking the button will automatically take you to the CAW templates for that animal.

Care and Welfare Templates can be accessed outside the Care and Welfare module through the Manage Templates menu. Click Start, Tools, Manage Templates (1). If you have permission, you will see the current count of Care and Welfare templates available. Clicking the link will load Care and Welfare.
Manage templates can also be accessed through the Animals and Enclosure modules through the ‘Batch Measurements’ button.

Indicators
Before beginning to record data in the system, you must first configure your Indicators and create Templates. These Indicators and Templates are institution specific, so you design templates for YOUR needs. 

List of the global indicators that are managed by Species360 and their definitions.

When you open the Care and Welfare module the dashboard is displayed. On the left you see four options – Chart, Export, Indicators and Templates. The Templates and Indicators have filter options at the top.

You can export a list of your configured indicators. In the indicator list (1), select the export option to download configured indicators into Excel or PDF format (2).

Configuring Indicators
You will first need to configure your Indicators. Select Indicators from the upper left to activate. If the Value Type says “Please Configure”, that Indicator has not yet been configured. You do not need to configure all the Indicators, only those you decide to use in your Templates. Indicators will not appear for selection in Templates if they are not configured.

Some things to consider when you are deciding what Indicators to configure are:

- Any Accreditation requirements
- Any legal requirements (does your state or city require certain monitoring?)
- What your Board wants to know
- What your Staff wants to know

The five categories were taken from the “Five Domains” model from “Caring for Wildlife – the World Zoo and Aquarium Animal Welfare Strategy”
http://www.waza.org/en/site/media/publications-1264077522/waza-strategies

- Behavior
  - Indicator’s that reflect the animal’s responses to their surroundings
    - Activity level, aggression, reproductive, parenting
- Environment
  - Indicators that relate to environmental parameters
    - Enclosure access, shelter, external impacts
- Mental Domain
  - Indicators that reflect the affect or disposition of the animal as observed by caretakers
    - Attitude, use of environment, general assessment
- Nutrition
  - Indicators that reflect the animal’s interaction with food and feeding processes
    - Consumption, food choices
- Physical Health
  - Indicators related to the animal’s physical and physiological responses to factors such as disease, parasites, injuries, and developmental abnormalities
    - Evidence of discomfort, fecal quantity & quality, mobility and appearance
You should read all the Descriptions to help you select the correct Indicator Category and Name. For example, you have a Board directed requirement to track all aggression that is outside the norm for the species. Reading the definitions, you would select Behavior / Atypical Aggression and NOT Behavior / Aggressive Behavior due to the Description.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Behavior</th>
<th>Activity level</th>
<th>Frequency of characteristic movements or actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Behavior</td>
<td>Aggressive behavior</td>
<td>Aggressive behavior that seems typical for the species in terms of duration, frequency, motivation, or intensity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Behavior</td>
<td>Anticipatory behavior</td>
<td>Performance of behavior suggesting anticipation when the animal has a cue that possible reward(s) are imminent. For example repeatedly walking a path near an exhibit access door at feeding time or upon hearing/seeing animal care personnel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Behavior</td>
<td>Atypical aggression</td>
<td>Aggressive behavior that seems atypical for the species in terms of duration, frequency, motivation, or intensity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Behavior</td>
<td>Behavioral diversity</td>
<td>An assessment of the diversity of behaviors the animal typically performs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The first thing you will be asked when you select the Please Configure option is to select the Value Type you want assigned.

What information you hope to record will drive the Value Type:
- **Binary** - Yes or No options as defined
- **Numeric Scale** - Numbers with definitions. Example a “1” means excellent whereas a “5” means poor, or negative, neutral or positive
- **Numeric Value** - Free choice numbers with no definition
- **Percentage** - A rate out of 100
In our example for ‘Behavior: Abnormal/undesired behaviors’ we selected Numeric Scale. We chose this Value Type because it will allow us to capture the degree of these behaviors, from none to many. We are then asked to “Define Scale”.

First you need to set the scale. Use the Scale Min (1) to reduce the number of options and set your numeric values. Scale Min will go as low as -1. Use Scale Max (2) to increase the number of options and set your numeric values. Scale Min can be set to any value as long as it is at least 2 numbers above Scale Min (e.g. -1 and 1, or 0 and 2). Next, define what each of the options mean (3), then you can choose to select which options you want as the Expected Value (4). You can choose more than one, and when entering data any value entered outside of the expected value/range will have a warning in red that it is outside of the range.

You can also choose to add taxonomic exceptions (5), which means you can define another scale for a different taxonomic group.

Once the Value Type is Configured the Value will display in that column. If you want to edit the Value Type, select the Edit icon. For most of our animals we want to capture only the 3 Values, but for our Primates we want more detail. We select the pen icon to edit.
In the Define Scale screen we check the Add Taxonomic Exceptions box. The taxonomy selected can be at any node of the tree and you can select to include taxa below or not. Note that the Save button now says Next.

Select the taxonomy for the new list of options to apply to (1). Because we want more detail in what we gather for our Primates, we have chosen Primates. Choose the scale (2), you can keep this the same if required, but we have expanded the options from 3 to 5. Redefine the option definitions if required (3), and re-select your expected value or range if required (4).

If you want to add another taxonomic exception, check the box (5), otherwise click Save.

For Environment: Interaction with Environment we have chosen a Value of Percentage. However, we recorded an Expected Range of 50-80% and we want to change it. When we select to edit, we receive a warning that the indicator is in use. We select Yes, understanding that any changes will also apply to previous records.
Because the Indicator has been used in previous records we cannot edit the Value Type, it is greyed out.

We can, however, change the Expected Values and we change the Expected Range maximum from 80 to 100, meaning we would like to see the animal use the entire enclosure.

Creating New Indicators
If you do not find an Indicator and a Description that meets your needs, you can add a local one by selecting the green circle/plus sign Add New icon. For example, the keepers have noticed that some members of our penguin colony are exhibiting excessive vocalizations. They would like to capture and compare it with other factors to see what may be causing it. There is not a Global Indicator to capture this so we will create a Local Indicator.

Before taking you to the create new screen, you have the option to add shared indicators that other institutions have created as local indicators for your institution to use. To create your own, click Add New at the top of the list.
If you want to make your indicator available to other institutions, check the ‘Make this indicator available to other ZIMS institutions’ box (1). If shared, you will no longer be able to edit the indicator, except for your expected values/ranges. Select an appropriate category from the five options (2), then name the indicator (3) so that it is easily identifiable. Add a description of what you are trying to capture (4), then select the Value Type (5). We have chosen Binary because we want a simple Yes or No for the behavior. When creating a new indicator from scratch, you can choose to have it available for all animals, or for specific taxonomy (5). We want this Indicator available only for our penguins so we check the Specific Taxonomic Groups checkbox.

As we chose to limit the indicator to specific taxonomic groups, we now need to choose which taxonomy to limit to (1), you can choose multiple taxonomy here. We want to limit the taxonomy to penguins. Next, you need to define your options (2). Because we have chosen binary, we define the Yes or No responses. Set your expected values/ranges (3), we have checked the expected value to be normal vocalization. Finally, you have the option to add another indicator or another taxonomy (4). We are done so we hit Save.

The new indicator is added to your list of Indicators. The house icon indicates that it is a Local Indicator. You can edit or delete these Indicators as long as they have not been
shared. Only your institution will have this Indicator available as a selection because you did not check the sharing box.

**Shared Indicators**

Shared indicators are indicators added locally by other institutions who have allowed the indicators to be used globally. To find shared indicators, click on the green + at the top of the indicators screen. A list of shared indicators with their descriptions and value types will appear. To select a shared indicator for use at your institution, click the blue + next to the indicator to add it. If you don’t have a use for the indicator (for example elephant foot care and you are an aquarium), click the red circle to remove it from your list.

If you add a shared indicator to your institution, the indicator displays with the green sharing icon. With shared indicators you cannot edit the Category, Name, Value Type or Description, but you can edit your Expected Values and add Taxonomic Exceptions. You cannot delete the indicator.
Templates
The Templates screen provides a list of all your current CAW templates. It is possible to filter this list by template name, who it was created by, or by animals the templates are assigned to. The Last Assessed Date helps your team track when data was last updated.

Create a new template
To create a template using the indicators you have configured,
1. Select Templates and the Add New icon (+)
2. Or edit an existing template by clicking on the pen icon.
*Note: consider making multiple templates for smaller groups of animals – loading a large collection of animals in one template can result in a less responsive experience.

As with shared indicators, when you choose to add a new template, you are given the option to choose shared templates. To continue adding a new template, click Add New at the top of the list.
1. Enter a name for your template, the name of the template must be unique.
2. Select if you want to share with others or allow others to edit the template.
3. Select the entity you want the template to cover. If you do not have Animal or Enclosure Lists, those options will not display for selection.
4. If you have selected Animals, a magnifying glass lookup will appear at the end of the search bar to allow you to search with additional filters, you can also add multiple animals in the search bar manually if you know their ID.
5. If you want to add another entity, select Add Another. You can mix and match Animals, Enclosures and Taxonomy. When selecting Enclosures, it will pull from the current occupants. The Animals entity will only allow you to select it once as it is a multiselect bar unlike the other entities.
6. Add the identifiers you wish to include in the template. This is limited to:
   A. Preferred ID
   B. Local ID
   C. House Name
   D. Scientific Name
   E. Common Name
   F. Band
   G. Intl Studbook Number
   H. Regional Studbook Number
   I. Tag
   J. Transponder
7. Select your Indicators to track on the template. Hovering over any indicator will bring up a description of that indicator. Checking the top-level Category will select all the Indicators under it. You can also see which indicators are Global indicators (🌐), Shared indicators (壕) and Local indicators (:absolute). Select the sort order of your indicators when creating or edit/updating a template.
for ease of entry:

A. Categories can be ‘drag and dropped’
B. To display in your preferred data entry format
C. Similarly, the Indicators order in each Category
D. Will display in the edit mode
E. In the order defined in the template set up

8. Finally, you can easily Add Another Template from here (7). You can select the same animals and/or the same Indicators, otherwise click Save to finish.

NOTE: Animal Weights, Target Weight Range, Body Condition Score and Health Status are available to select from as defaults. Animal Weights entered under the Care and Welfare module will display in the Animal Graphing Tool just as the ones entered in the Weight grid do.

Shared Templates
Shared templates are templates added locally by other institutions who have allowed the templates to be used globally. Sharing a template automatically shares the indicators included in the template, and accepting a template automatically accepts the indicators within the template.
To find shared templates, click on the green + at the top of the templates screen. A list of shared templates with their associated taxonomy will appear. To select a shared indicator for use at your institution, click the blue + next to the template to add it. Once added you can open the template in your list of templates to view it. If you don’t have a use for the template (for example elephant welfare and you are an aquarium), click the red circle to remove it from your list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Associated Taxonomy</th>
<th>Created By</th>
<th>Created Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gorilla, Pan troglodytes</td>
<td>Gorilla, Pan troglodytes</td>
<td>Species360</td>
<td>05/10/2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gorilla</td>
<td>Gorilla</td>
<td>Species360</td>
<td>24/09/2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pan</td>
<td>Pan</td>
<td>Species360</td>
<td>27/09/2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cloning a Template

To clone a template, click the clone icon on your desired template.

When cloning a template, the Template you selected to clone opens in edit mode.
- The (Template) Name field shows as blank.
- The Entity field is blank, you can add new entities as required.
All other selections from the original template are prefilled in the new ‘clone’.
- The "share this template" and "editable by others" checkboxes retain what was checked/unchecked from the original template.
- The Identifiers field retains the choices from the original template.
- The new template will retain the indicators from the original template, but you will be able to edit the indicator selections to add or remove indicators.

Using a CAW Template

To use the Template, select the hyperlink from the list of Templates.

Depending on how the template was set up, the animals will display in a particular order. The animal ordering rules for Templates are as follows:
• Templates created by animal list display in preferred ID order
• Templates created by enclosure list display in preferred ID order
• Templates created by individual animals display in the order in which the animals were selected
• Templates created by taxonomy display in preferred ID order
• Templates created by individual enclosure display by enclosure, then in preferred ID order

Add the date (mandatory) and time (optional), then fill the template for each animal and indicator. You do not have to complete all the fields to Save, if there are fields which you do not have data for you can leave these blank. Save and Repeat will save the data and keep the template open for additional entries. You can hover over any indicator in the template to see a description of that indicator.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quaggia parental behaviour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date of Observation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19/11/2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Animal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12248</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12248</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Indicator value note:
You can add notes to each indicator value (indicator value note), and any additional notes not related to an indicator (CAW note).

The value added for the specific indicator will automatically append to this note, so add the note AFTER the indicator value has been chosen. To add notes to each indicator value, click on the icon next to the data entry box.

1. This will bring up a pop-up box for you to enter your note. Write your desired note in the note field. It is also possible to select a Note template from the drop down list.
2. Then click Done.

If the data you are entering is the same for multiple animals, you can enter the data for one animal and then copy the values into the remaining records in the column. To do this, enter your data for the first animal then select the copy icon, and ZIMS will copy the
value into the remaining records in that column (the animals must have the same configuration for that Indicator).

CAW note:
To add a CAW note which is *not* related to an indicator, use the Notes field on your template. Click in the field to bring up the pop up below. Enter your note and then click Save. The Notes field will open a free text entry field for you to record additional notes. There is a single Note field and it applies to all columns.

You can select multiple Note Types/Subtypes from this note entry field to better categorize your welfare notes:

Once you have filled out all your information, choose to Save and Close, or Save and Repeat to add data to the same template for another day.

**Animal weight note:**
When adding an animal weight through the Care and Welfare module the same fields can be applied as when adding a weight in the Animal module. Click on this icon to include
these, and use the note field to enter any details, these will be viewable on the animals record.

Chart
To view the Charts, select Chart and enter a GAN or other identifier.
The Chart will display the data recorded during the selected date range.

You can click on the categories or indicators at the bottom of the screen to include or exclude them from the chart. In the following chart, we have deselected the Physical Health category which has deselected all of the physical health indicators (highlighted in yellow). By removing some Indicators, we can easily see that Excessive Vocalization, Interaction with Environment and Abnormal/Undesired Behaviors appear to be related.
If an Observation is outside the desired Value/Range it will be outlined in red on the graph. Hovering over will display the desired Value.

In addition to weights entered on the animals Basic Information screen in ZIMS for Husbandry, if a Target Weight Range is set up the animal being graphed in Care and Welfare, this range information will display as well.
Other options in the Charts are:
1-Selecting Animal Detail will take you directly into the animal record
2-Selecting the hamburger icon allows you to print the Chart
3-Switching to List View will change the view and lay the observations out in rows.
List View shows the data in a list. The columns can be sorted in ascending or descending order. If you want to filter the list to fewer categories, simply uncheck (or press Enter when highlighted) the categories you do not want to see. You can edit or delete your data from this screen.

Editing CAW observations

You can only edit or delete observations from the List View in the Chart Function. To edit an observation, click the pen icon next to the observation (1), or choose to delete. The observation you are editing will turn yellow (2), you can edit the Date, Time, Value, Note and Observed By columns. The Category, Indicator and Scale columns cannot be edited, if you made a mistake with these three columns you will need to delete the entry and re-enter in the correct template.
Viewing/Exporting Care and Welfare Notes

Viewing CAW notes in the Chart function
You can view the indicator value note within the chart function in CAW. On the CAW dashboard, click Chart (1), search for your required animal and any other filters (2), and then click Switch to List View (3).

Once in list view, the CAW note appears as a new row (1), with the full note appearing in the value column. The indicator note appears next to the indicator value (2). Hover over the note icon to see the full note.

Viewing CAW notes in Husbandry
If you have turned on the ability to see CAW notes in husbandry, when you add notes in your template and save, ZIMS will add both indicator value notes and CAW notes to each animals Notes & Observations tab. The indicator value notes will have an additional specific keyword relating to the indicator.
Export function

The Export function allows you to export data for an animal. You can export for multiple animals by using Animal Lists, Enclosures or Taxonomy. Choose your required date range, animal/enclosure and indicators, then click Export to export to Excel.

Depending on your indicators and entities, the export will look similar to the below. The export will display the Entity, Species, Date of observation, Indicator, Value, Scale, Indicator Note, CAW Note and who the observation was Observed By.
Exporting outside of the Care and Welfare Module
You can now view your Care and Welfare information outside of the Care and Welfare module. You can see your CAW notes in husbandry, search for CAW notes in the Note Retrieval report, and you can also export your CAW data in the daily and activity report.

Data that has been flagged as “out of range” will display in red on the daily report.

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External Sharing
The Care and Welfare module is Local view only for data recorded through Care and Welfare Templates. Your institution has the option to enable the ability for notes added to specific indicators to automatically display in the husbandry module under notes and observations. Note, those with permissions to edit notes/observations can edit the notes from either the husbandry notes/observations tab or from the list view in Care & Welfare.
When external sharing is enabled, you will see an option to ‘share template with other institutions’ – this is limited to templates configured to taxonomy level and are limited to local indicators.

**Note, once shared with other institutions, you cannot edit a template anymore.**

If you share a husbandry record with another institution, Care and Welfare indicator values will not be shared, but notes added to specific indicators will show in the Notes and Observations husbandry record, and therefore, will be shared externally following standard note sharing rules.

If Weights, Target Weight Range, Body Condition Score and Health Status are recorded through Care and Welfare they will display in the husbandry and medical modules with an icon to show they were recorded in Care and Welfare and follow the same business rules regarding sharing as they do if they were recorded in husbandry or medical. (Weight data, BCS and Health Status are role controlled the same as in husbandry).

In addition to sharing templates, there is the capability to share Locally created Indicators with other institutions. This means, for instance, if you create a Local Indicator for your penguins- you want to monitor how often your penguins walk the entire length of the enclosure without stopping and you think other institutions would find value in monitoring the same behavior, you could share that Indicator. Another institution can then either choose to use the indicator or not. They will never see your data, just the indicator itself that you created and chose to share.

**Note, once shared with other institutions, you cannot edit an indicator anymore.**

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**Best Practices**

The following are some Best Practices suggestions to get the most out of Care and Welfare:

- Try to get the involvement of all Staff members who will be using the Care and Welfare module to help plan how it will be used and who will be using it. You only want to configure the Indicators and create the Templates once. The expected usage is:
  - Indicators are owned by the welfare officer at your institution
  - Templates are used by the animal care staff
  - Charts are Curatorial, Veterinary and others with animal collection oversight
- Whenever possible try to use the Global Indicators
  - Care and Welfare information is not currently shared but hopefully it will be in the future
  - Using standard Global Indicators will assist with this sharing
- When creating Local Indicators
  - Try to use the default of assigning to All Animals when possible
• Taxonomic exceptions cannot be changed after observations are recorded
  o If “specific taxonomic group(s)” is used you cannot go back and select All Animals – you would need to create a new Indicator
  o Indicators can be set now and add/edit expected values later
  
  • When Defining your Scale
    o Be consistent in defining the “good” (what you hope to see) and the “bad” (what you don’t want to see) so the Charts are easier to interpret.
    o For example, if you select a Numeric Scale for two Indicators but defined a “1” as what you would like to see for one Indicator and defined a “5” as what you would like to see on the other Indicator, it will not be easy to compare trends in the Chart because you want to see a low number for one Indicator and a high number for the other Indicator.
  
  • Editing an Indicator
    o Before data entry all fields can be edited
    o Once data has been recorded for Indicators, the following fields CAN be edited
      ▪ Category (warning will be given if associated with records)
      ▪ Description (warning will be given if associated with records)
      ▪ Explanation
      ▪ Value Definition
      ▪ Expected Value/Range
    o Once data has been recorded the Indicators, the following fields CANNOT be edited
      ▪ Name
      ▪ Value Type
      ▪ Add/remove Taxonomic Exceptions
    o If an Indicator is edited, you should add a batch Note to animals affected that includes what was changed on date “x”
  
  • Taxonomic Exceptions
    o All of the Indicators that have been Configured will display to select from when creating a template regardless of taxonomy selected
    o If an Indicator has been used for a taxa, you cannot remove that taxa from the exception
    o When actually using the template, if a taxa is not included in the indicator the data entry will be greyed out and a “NA” displayed by default, data cannot be recorded
    o This is an example:
      ▪ Indicator A
        ▪ Numeric scale is 1-5
        ▪ Taxa exclusion = cheetah
        ▪ Numeric scale for cheetah is 1-10
      ▪ Data is recorded on cheetah
      ▪ Oops – you really wanted cheetah to be 1-5
        ▪ Not going to happen – skews data already recorded
      ▪ Oops – you don’t care about cheetah being an exception
- Not going to happen – skews data already recorded
- Deleting an Indicator
  o Care and Welfare data does not go into the animal record, they are retained in the module
  o Deleting an Indicator will delete all the observations recorded using it
  o You have 3 months to “Roll Back” a deletion using Data Entry Monitor
- Chart Considerations
  o Weight, Target Weight Range, Health Status and Body Condition Score automatically populate the Charts
    ▪ They do not display on List View
  o List View allows you to edit the date, time, value and observed by fields
  o List View is also where any Notes will display

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Editing Rules

Please note these editing rules:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Not Yet Used in a Record</th>
<th>Used in a Record</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Template</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Can be edited. There will be no record entries impacted because the Template was not used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All fields in a Template are editable if you are the creator or if the creator marked the Template as &quot;Editable by Others&quot;.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Delete icon</td>
<td>Can be deleted. There will be no record entries to be impacted because the Template was not used. The Template will disappear from the List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>You can delete a Template only if you are the creator or if the creator marked the Template as &quot;Editable by Others&quot;.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Globally Shared Template</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Shared with other institutions</td>
<td>Cannot edit/delete a shared template once used by another institution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Global Indicator</td>
<td>Local Admin can Roll Back using Data Entry Monitor if less than 3 months ago. If more than 3 months ago contact Species360 support (usually through your Local Admin.)</td>
<td>Indicator appears in list with &quot;Please Configure&quot;. Indicator is not displayed to select in Templates. No records are impacted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configured an Indicator you do not want used</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Cannot be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Category</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Cannot be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Name</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Cannot be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Description</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Cannot be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Value Type</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Can be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Value Explanation</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Can be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Values</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Can be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Expected Range/Value</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Can be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Taxon Exceptions</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Can be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Indicator</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created and Configured an Indicator you do not want used</td>
<td>Delete from Indicator List using the trash can icon</td>
<td>Indicator is not displayed in the List or to select in Templates. No records impacted as the Template was not used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Category</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Can be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Name</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Can be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Description</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Edit Value Type</td>
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<td>Can be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Taxon Exceptions</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Can be edited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit/delete a Template that is available to other institutions</td>
<td>Templates &gt; Edit icon</td>
<td>Cannot be edited or deleted. You will need to ask your Local Admin to roll back the sharing if it has been less than 3 months. If more than 3 months they will need to contact support.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[Back to Topics]

Revised 30 August 2023